INDIAN CLIMATE BASED INDIAN GEOGRAPHY MCQ PRACTICE QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS PDF WITH EXPLANATION

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Q1. The January isothern subtropical zones is	n taken	as a	basis	for	dividing	India	into	tropical	and
a) 18°C b) 15°C									
c) 21°C									
d) 12°C									
Q2. October and November	er month	ns give	more	rain	fall to :				
a) Chota Nagpur Plateau	a) Chota Nagpur Plateau								
b) Coromandal Coast	o) Coromandal Coast								
c) Malwa Plateau									
d) Eastern Hills									
Q3. Assertion (A):									
The Monsoonal rainfall deceive the Ganga plain.	creases	as on	e goes	tow	vard the \	West a	and N	lorth-W€	est in
Reason (R):									
The moisture-bearing Mon	The moisture-bearing Monsoonal winds go higher as one moves up in the Ganga								anda

In the context of the above two statements which one of the following is correct?

- a) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is **not** the **correct** explanation of (A)
- b) (A) is false, but (R) is true

plain.

- c) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
- d) (A) is true, but (R) is false

- Q4. Cyclones are more frequent in the coastal areas of Bay of Bengal, because
- a) Water in the Bay of Bengal has chemicals which help in formation of cyclones
- b) The conical shape of Bay of Bengal funnels cyclones Northwards when they are formed in the sea
- c) High temperatures in the Bay of Bengal
- d) Long chain of isand of Andaman and Nicobar acts as launching pad for cyclones

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- Q5. Which showers are favourable to the rabi crops in Punjab during winter?
- a) Mango showers
- b) Kal-baisakhi
- c) Showers caused by Jet streams
- d) Showers caused by western disturbances
- Q6. Heavy rainfall during the months of October and November is received by
- a) Chota Nagpur Plateau
- b) Malwa Plateau
- c) Gharo, Khasi and Jaintia hills
- d) Coromandel Coast
- Q7. The area with annual rainfall less than 50 cm in a year is
- a) Leh in Kashmir
- b) Konkan coast
- c) Meghalaya
- d) Coromandel coast

Q8. Which one of the following places has the lowest rainfall during the South-West Monsoon?
a) Mangalore
b) Delhi
c) Kolkata
d) Chennai
Q9. The term 'Monsoon' is originated from
a) Spanish
b) English
c) Arabic Language
d) Hindi
Q10. The most flood-prone state of India is
a) Andhra Pradesh
b) Uttar Pradesh
c) Assam
d) Bihar
Q11. Assertion (A): Anti-cyclonic conditions are formed in winter season when atmospheric pressure is high and air temperature is low. Reason (R):
Winter rainfall in Northern India causes development of anti-cyclonic conditions with low temperature.
a) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
b) (A) is false, but (R) is true
c) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
d) (A) is true, but (R) is false

Q12. Assertion (A):

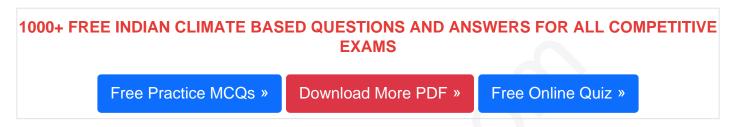
The East coast is most prone to cyclones than the Western coast.

Reason (R):

The Easter coast of India lies in the zone of North-East trade winds.

In the context of the above statements, which of the following is **correct**? Code

- a) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is **not** the **correct** explanation of (A)
- b) (A) is false, but (R) is true
- c) Both (A) and (R) are **true** and (R) is the **correct** explanation of (A)
- d) (A) is true, but (R) is false



Q13. Which one of the following is the driest region in India?

- a) Marwar
- b) Marathwada
- c) Telengana
- d) Vidarbha

Q14. Tropical cyclones in the Bay of Bengal are most frequent during

- a) May-June
- b) March-April
- c) October-November
- d) January-February

Q15. Among the following area of Uttar Pradesh which is maximum flood affected?

a) Eastern area

- b) Northern area
- c) Western area
- d) Middle area

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Answers to the above questions:

Q1. Answer: (a)

Q2. Answer: (b)

The Coromandel Coast of Tamil Nadu receives heavy rainfall from the retreating monsoon winds as the retreating winds are moisture-laden. It falls in the rain shadow of the Western Ghats and receives a good deal less rainfall during the summer southwest monsoon, which contributes heavily to rainfall in the rest of India.

The region averages 800 mm/year, most of which falls between October and December.

Q3. Answer: (c)

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Q4. Answer: (c)

Q5. Answer: (d)

Western Disturbance causes winter and pre-monsoon season rainfall across northwest India. Winter months Rainfall has great importance in agriculture, particularly for the rabi crops.

Wheat among them is one of the most important crops, which helps to meet India's food security.

Q6. Answer: (d)

The Coromandel Coast of Tamil Nadu receives heavy rainfall from the retreating monsoon winds as the retreating winds are moisture-laden.

It falls in the rain shadow of the Western Ghats and receives a good deal less rainfall during the summer southwest monsoon, which contributes heavily to rainfall in the rest of India.

Q7. Answer: (a)

Rainfall distribution in India is uneven. Areas of Inadequate Rainfall (it implies rainfall less than 50 cm a year):

There are basically two belts that receive inadequate rainfall. These belts are of a small extent and some parts of these belts receive exceptionally very low rainfall.

Like for instance, the Karakoram Mountains and the area lying to the north of the Zanskar Himalaya range. This region is situated in the north of the Himalayas. It, therefore, receives little rainfall during the summer monsoon rainy season.

Further, a little rainfall is also caused in the months of January, February and March by the westerly depressions.

Q8. Answer: (d)	
Q9. Answer: (c)	
Q10. Answer: (d)	
Q11. Answer: (d)	
Q12. Answer: (a)	

Q13. Answer: (a)

Marwar is a region of southwestern Rajasthan state in western India. It lies partly in the Thar Desert which is the driest region of India. It includes the present-day districts of Barmer, Jalore, Lakshman Nagar, Jodhpur, Nagaur, and Pali.

This desert tract, nicknamed Marwar or Marusthali – the Land of Death, lives up to its name with its scorching heat, thorny cactus and scrub, and scanty water.

Q14. Answer: (b)

They are most frequent during the summer (June-September) over the northern part of the Bay of Bengal and over the Eastern parts of the Arabian Sea.

They are more frequent in the Bay and in the Arabian Sea in the region between 6 degrees North to 15 degrees North during the pre-monsoon (March-May) and post-monsoon (October-November) seasons and are least frequent during the winter.

Q15. Answer: (a)

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